



Be Safe.
Commercial Buildings



### Cautiously reopening Chicago requires:

#### **Healthy interactions**

#### Social distancing



Limitations on physical distance to other individuals

#### **Gathering size**



Limitations on gatherings of individuals

#### Protective gear



Use of protective gear by individuals

### Hygiene requirements



Ensuring hygienic interactions (e.g., hand washing)

### Safe spaces and conditions

#### **Entry access**



Entry/exit condition for access to space

#### **Cleaning standards**



Actions taken to disinfect space

### Visual guidance



Hygiene resources and guidance posted in space

#### **Workplace conditions**



Evaluation of foot traffic, ventilation, etc.

### Operational resilience and monitoring

#### Flexible models



Flexibility with sick leave, remote work (when possible)

#### **Operational resiliency**



Support for operational flexibility (e.a., multiple shifts)

#### Travel guidelines



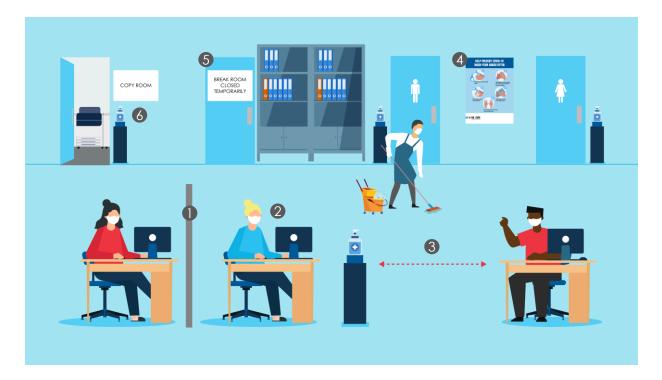
Restriction of movement of people between locations

#### Testing / tracking



Facilitation of testing and tracking





### What may be different?

- Workspaces separated by impermeable barriers to enhance safety, where possible
- Individuals required to wear a face covering at all times in common areas, or where 6 ft distancing is not possible
- Workspaces reconfigured to maintain appropriate distancing

- Visual signage posted throughout facility regarding hygiene, social distancing, PPE, and more
- Small, **high-traffic common areas closed** to avoid large gatherings
- Sanitation stations readily available for employee and customer use



## Encourage social distancing >6ft in common areas (e.g., lobbies, hallways, elevators)

- Limit the number of employees returning to work
- If possible, vary start and stop times for those returning to work to promote social distancing conditions



### Limit the use of common areas where large gatherings may occur

- Limit gatherings of occupants in cafeterias, meetings rooms, tenant lounges, and other gathering points to no more than 50 people
- Limit capacity to 25% for all indoor spaces, including tenant spaces
- Close all gathering areas where social distancing cannot be achieved





### Require face coverings in common spaces and high-traffic areas

 In any outdoor and indoor common spaces, face coverings must be worn over nose and mouth (exceptions can be made for people with medical conditions or disabilities that prevent them from safely wearing a face covering)



### Provide hand sanitizer at ingress and egress points, where possible

- Provide hand sanitizer at a minimum of one location in the main lobby of the building; employers required to provide hand sanitizer at a minimum of one location at the main entry of the tenant suite
- Encourage employees to complete health and safety training related to COVID-19 when returning to work





## Evaluate ingress and egress points to maximize social distancing and limit physical contact

- Where practical, use contactless building check-in or verification
- Access to fitness centers and other building amenities shall be available in accordance with the relevant industry guidelines (e.g., Health and Fitness Guidelines for fitness centers)
- Optimize elevator occupancy, utilize floor markings and/or signage, and minimize the size of gatherings in elevator lobbies and other public areas when practicable. Consider additional options for visitors, such as making service elevators available to more vulnerable populations (where possible). As noted under "Protective gear" above, face coverings must be worn in any indoor common spaces (e.g., in elevators or elevator lobbies).
- Make building stairwells available, subject to applicable fire and life safety codes and security considerations
- Prior to leaving home, all individuals encouraged to self-identify symptoms and stay at home if symptomatic
- Prior to entering establishment, employees selfscreen to ensure no symptoms of COVID-19 (e.g., questionnaire – see appendix)







### Clean daily and more frequently in high-traffic areas

- Frequently clean high-touch surfaces and hightraffic common areas
- Follow <u>CDC guidelines</u> for cleaning and disinfection of all premises under tenant's control, in the event of a confirmed COVID-19 case

### Provide signage at any entry/exit points and any other high-traffic common areas

 Post visual guidance from buildings and tenants to promote social distancing, <u>CDC guidelines</u>, and traffic patterns that promote social distancing





### Promote simplified workplace conditions to minimize contact between people

- Where possible, encourage the use of work spaces and traffic flow that follow <u>CDC guidelines</u> for social distancina
- If possible, ensure employee population is no greater than the amount necessary to adhere to social distancing requirements
- Where social distancing cannot be achieved, consider office re-configuration, which may include installation of physical barriers (such as plexiglass dividers or partitions between work stations)
- Consider removing, disabling, or spacing furniture, fixtures, and other infrastructure elements in high density environments (including shared workspaces)
- Allow indoor private pools to reopen at 25%, and outdoor private pools to reopen at 50% capacity;
   PPE not required while individuals are in the pool if practicing social distancing
- Follow CDC guidelines for air flow and ventilation





### Provide ample opportunities for flexible working models, where appropriate

- Encourage adoption of flexible working models, including work from home strategies and partialcapacity office densities
- Encourage adoption of phased workdays/workweeks to reduce in-office space occupancy
- Maintain a phased return to workplace plan, including defining a percentage of workplace occupants that are able to return in each phase
- Share workplace models with building management





### Remove personal contact by limiting furniture use in common areas

- Consider minimizing in-the-workplace staffing volumes and staffing overlap via flexible/phased scheduling, in-office employee traffic routing, and physical safeguarding infrastructure
- Minimize human contact for mail and package distribution (while limiting impact to chain of control/custody practices), and if available, provide proper PPE to employees handling mail
- Promote consistent messaging across landlord and tenant signage



### Promote cautious use of public transportation and travel

 Encourage cautious travel via public mass transit systems, including publicly accessible airports and train stations, with full adoption of social distancing and required PPE





### Follow CDPH and CDC guidance for testing and tracing protocols

- If employee does contract COVID-19, they must follow all <u>CDC guidelines</u> before returning to work
- If an employee is identified as being COVID-19 positive by testing, cleaning and disinfecting must be performed according to CDC guidelines
- Any employee who has had close contact with a co-worker or any other person who is diagnosed with COVID-19 should self quarantine according to <u>CDC guidelines</u>
- If a facility becomes aware of 2 or more cases possibly associated with an employer over a 14 day period, employers are required to report cases to CDPH
- Follow all other CDPH guidance set forth and comply with CDPH recommendations in response to a workplace outbreak



### Glossary

**Gathering**: A group of individuals outside a single household who are part of a spontaneous or planned event convening for more than ten minutes

**Handwashing**: The act of thoroughly cleaning one's hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or using a disinfectant capable of eliminating the virus that causes COVID-19

**Social distancing**: The physical spacing of at least six feet between individuals, or groups of individuals.

**PPE**: Personal protective equipment (e.g., face coverings, goggles, face shields); requirements vary based on industry and specific circumstances

# Self-screening sample questionnaire

**Self-screening:** A protocol by which an employee answers questions at the start of a shift. Subject to the guidance of the Commissioner of Health, the questions may include:

- Have you had a body temperature over 100 degrees Fahrenheit or have you used a fever reducer in the previous 24 hours to treat a body temperature over 100 degrees Fahrenheit?
- Do you have a new cough that you cannot attribute to another health condition?
- Do you have a new or worsening sore throat that you cannot attribute to another health condition?
- Do you have new shortness of breath that you cannot attribute to another health condition?
- Have you recently developed a complete loss of smell or taste?

- Recommended guidance -

# General workplace guidance

### Office guidance

#### **Disclaimer**

#### National resources for further guidance

**CDC** – Activities and Initiatives Supporting the COVID-19 Response and the President's Plan for Opening America Up Again: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/php/CDC-Activities-Initiatives-for-COVID-19-Response.pdf

CDC – Guidance for Businesses and Workplaces <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/organizations/businesses-employers.html">https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/organizations/businesses-employers.html</a>

**OSHA** Guidance on Preparing Workplaces for COVID-19: https://www.osha.gov/Publications/OSHA3990.pdf

**Building Owners and Managers Association International –** BOMA International's Coronavirus Resource Center: https://www.boma.org/coronavirus

**National Association of Realtors –** Coronavirus: A Guide for Realtors: <a href="https://www.nar.realtor/coronavirus-a-guide-for-realtors">https://www.nar.realtor/coronavirus-a-guide-for-realtors</a>

**JLL –** COVID 19 Resources for Real Estate: https://www.us.jll.com/en/coronavirus-resources

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